

FLOODS IN TEXAS

The River is Receding Rapidly and the Situation Has Considerably Improved.

PROBABLY A DOZEN LIVES WERE LOST

Several People Are Missing But May Have Escaped Drowning Although Their Homes Are Gone.

Much Loss of Live Stock and Other Property Is Being Reported—The Cotton Crop Can Be Replanted—No One Suffering.

Austin, Tex., April 10.—The flood situation here is improving somewhat, but the reports from points below indicate that the full effect of the immense volume of water is being felt in Wharton and Lafayette counties, everything being inundated and much loss of property and live stock being reported. In Bastrop county the flood has caused much damage to property interests, and something like 50 washouts and losses of bridges are reported by the railways. Advances from the area surrounding the county seat of Bastrop county are to the effect that there has been some loss of life among the farming class, as their homes were inundated without warning by the tidal wave, but outside of an unconfirmed report that eight lives were lost, nothing can be learned.

In the southern part of this county several persons are missing, the number representing a family of six Italians and two Negro families. It may be that they have escaped, but no information can be secured as to their whereabouts, and as their homes have been washed away, it is presumed that they perished in the rushing waters. The river is receding rapidly at this point and above, notwithstanding the fact that another heavy rain was reported on the Concho, 125 miles north of here.

Reports from La Grange in Fayette county, are to the effect that, while the greater portion of the town is under water, the property loss is small. No one is missing.

The International & Great Northern railway and the Missouri, Kansas & Texas have been seriously crippled by the floods. The first named road has had 500 washouts and lost bridges on its road from Hearne to the Rio Grande. The Missouri, Kansas & Texas is likewise a heavy loser, having to abandon much of its track altogether and use the International & Great Northern from Taylor to Milano, and the Santa Fe tracks from there to North Texas points.

It is not believed that the damage to the cotton crop will be of such extent as has been predicted from some places, as the season is yet early and all the crops can be replanted.

The citizens of this city held a mass meeting at which the consensus of opinion was that it was not feasible to rebuild the dam and power house, although no definite action was taken thereon. In the meantime the water and light commission met and instructed its superintendent to at once secure from New Orleans or some other available point a steam engine by which it is hoped that the city can operate one of its big pumps, which remains intact, and furnish the city with water until some definite arrangements can be made. Much fear is being entertained with regard to the sanitary situation in Austin, as the city is already beginning to show the effects of lack of drainage water. Gov. Sayers gave the city \$500 out of the flood sufferers' fund, to be expended in behalf of the poor of the city who have been made homeless. All such are being well provided for, and there is no danger of their suffering.

DOZEN LIVES LOST.

A Number of Bodies Have Been Caught on Snags and Barbed Wire Fences.

Gonzales, Tex., April 12.—The flood situation here is not much improved, the river having fallen only about four feet. There has been great loss of cattle in the river bottoms, and it is feared a dozen or more lives have been lost. A Bohemian and his wife, panic-stricken, jumped into the turbulent waters ten feet deep and were almost immediately drowned, when they could have remained in safety. It is thought a Negro boy of Marcus Gates' is also drowned, and two Mexicans are missing.

Reports come in that a number of bodies have been seen caught on snags and barbed wire fences. The river farms are insured, but the total loss can not be estimated as yet. The Aransas Pass track is blocked for five miles north of here; several bridges and a hundred yards of track are washed away.

Five Travelers Drowned.

San Angelo, Tex., April 10.—A report is current here that five travelers encamped at the confluence of the Middle Concho river and Kiowa creek were drowned in the flood.

Out of the Court's Power.

Washington, April 10.—In the case of Morris Keim vs. the United States, the supreme court decided that the courts have no supervisory powers over the heads of departments of the government in discharging subordinates. The opinion was handed down by Justice Brewer.

HIGH HOPES GONE

Britons Beginning to Realize the Great Task That Lord Roberts Has Undertaken.

PREPARING FOR A WINTER CAMPAIGN

Lord Roberts Decides Not to Leave Bloemfontein For Several Months Yet, Even If Then.

Preparations Being Made to Hold Bloemfontein Against Surprises—Gen. Gatacre and Gen. Brabant Are Both at a Standstill.

London, April 10.—Britons are now beginning, though reluctantly, to realize that Lord Roberts is in for a winter campaign lasting several months. This is the end, in a few words, of the high hopes based upon Lord Roberts' brilliant dash to Kimberley and Bloemfontein.

Preparations are being made to hold Bloemfontein against surprises. Lord Kitchener has been given an important duty, being responsible for the protection of the railway, while Lord Roberts is waiting for remounts and winter clothing for the troops, whose thin cotton khaki uniforms and boots are worn out.

Gens. Brabant and Gatacre are both at a standstill.

Lord Roberts will probably for some time confine his operations to clearing the Free State behind him of raiders and to relieving Mafeking, for which purpose, apparently, the eighth division, now arriving at Cape Town, has been ordered to Kimberley.

Lady Sarah Wilson and other Mafeking correspondents send diaries of the doings there, showing that the Boers have tried, by abandoning their trenches, to lure the besieged out into a mined ambush. Fortunately the British engineers discovered the mine, cut the wire communication and unearthed 250 pounds of dynamite and war gelatine.

What the chances are for an advance to Pretoria may be judged from the fact that only from 6,000 to 10,000 horses are on their way to the Cape, and from the further fact that the military tailoring department only within the last three weeks began making woolen khaki uniforms. It is said it will take at least two months to provide 200,000 uniforms.

Mr. Steyn's address to the Free Staters at Kroonstad is confirmed. The Fischer-Wolmarans deputation has full power to negotiate for peace, subject to the read's sanction.

Lady Roberts will remain at Cape Town. The duke of Westminster, the duke of Marlborough and Lord Henry Cavendish Bentinck have gone to the front.

Battle Fought at Wepener.

Aliwal North, April 10.—An engagement took place yesterday at Wepener. The Boers' Vickers-Maxim did considerable execution at first, but the British guns soon got the range and did great havoc. The fighting was severe and lasted all day long. The Boers received a check. The casualties were rather heavy on both sides. Another commando is advancing toward Wepener from DeWetsdorp. Heavy fighting commenced this morning. Three commandos are attacking the town.

PREPARING DEFENSES.

The Boers Are Gathered in Large Numbers Within a Few Miles of Bloemfontein.

London, April 10.—The Bloemfontein correspondent of the Daily Telegraph, telegraphing Sunday, says: "The railway and telegraph are working well. Works and trenches have been prepared in suitable positions around Bloemfontein. The greatest vigilance is exercised. Some of the troops sleep in the trenches."

"Confirmation has been received of the report that the Boers are in larger in considerable force, with guns, at Donkerspoort, 15 miles south of the British scouts report another body still closer. The Boer patrols have grown very daring, venturing much nearer our tents."

Gen. Gatacre Fired On.

London, April 10.—The Bloemfontein correspondent of the Times, telegraphing Sunday, says: "Two captured Boers agree that only 50 men remained unwounded out of the whole British column captured at Reddersburg. Gen. Gatacre and his staff were fired on from enclosures while they temporarily occupied Reddersburg. Considerable movements of troops have occurred here, with the object of preventing a surprise."

Wepener Practically Isolated.

London, April 10.—The Times publishes the following from Wepener, dated Sunday, April 8: "The Wepener garrison is practically isolated. However, the lines are enormously strong and the force is fully provisioned. Desultory firing between outposts continues. A commando estimated at 2,000, with four guns, went into laager last night five miles from here, in the direction of DeWetsdorp."

Prisoners Reach Kimberley.

Kimberley, April 10.—Fifty-two prisoners who were captured at Roshot have arrived here. Only three are Dutchmen, the others being Frenchmen, Germans and Russians.

PRO-BOER RALLY.

Sympathy Shown the Transvaal Republic by the Philadelphia School Boys.

TWENTY-TWO THOUSAND PARTICIPATE

Greetings to the Boers Signed By All the Pupils of the Schools of the City.

A Messenger Boy Will Carry the Dispatch to South Africa and Personally Deliver It Into the Hands of President Kruger.

Philadelphia, April 10.—One of the greatest demonstrations of sympathy, both in the number of participants and in enthusiasm displayed, ever shown in this city for any foreign nation took place Monday night, when the Academy of Music was jammed with people for the purpose of taking part in the Philadelphia schoolboys' pro-Boer rally. The primary object of the gathering was to send a message of greeting to President Kruger, signed by 22,000 pupils of the schools of this city. So great was the crush, mostly of the younger generation, that many thousands were unable to get near the doors, and he mass of struggling people were entertained by music while the meeting inside was in progress.

Judge William N. Ashman, of the orphans' court of this city, presided and those who addressed the meeting were Webster Davis, W. Bourke Cockran, ex-District Attorney George S. Graham, of this city; P. Louter Westels, of Bloemfontein, and Thomas J. Meek, a pupil of the high school of this city. Edwin Markham, the poet, recited his "Ode to Lincoln." Three hundred singers of the United Singing Societies of Philadelphia, sang the Transvaal Volkslied and American patriotic songs.

After the speech-making was over F. Smith, a 16-year-old messenger boy, was called to the stage by means of the regulation call box, and was given the message signed by the schoolboys, with instructions to proceed to Pretoria and to hand it personally to President Kruger. The messenger, accompanied by a committee of three high school boys, left for New York at once, where they will be tendered a reception at the Waldorf-Astoria hotel by the students of the public schools of Greater New York. On Wednesday the messenger will sail on the steamship St. Louis, and before the vessel reaches Southampton he will be taken off by a French tender and landed at Havre, France, in order to avoid English territory. The message to President Kruger is as follows:

"We, the undersigned students of the public schools of Philadelphia, the city where our own forefathers enlisted in their splendid struggle against English oppression, desire to express to you and to the fighting men of the South African republic their great admiration for the genius and courage that have checked English invasion of the Transvaal, and the undersigned extend their most earnest wishes that in the end the South African republic will triumph over England in a war in which the Boer cause is noble and the English cause unjust."

Delegations of schoolboys from New York and Boston attended the meeting.

Factories Burned.

Fire Loss Estimated at From \$500,000 to \$600,000, and 1,500 Men Thrown Out of Work.

Factories Burned.

New York, April 10.—A fire in Green Point threw 1,200 or 1,500 men out of employment and destroyed several factories. The damage is estimated at from \$500,000 to \$600,000. The factories destroyed were Edward C. Smith, box manufacturer; North Carolina Pine Lumber Co.; A. J. & J. J. McCollum, coal dealers; George W. Dyer, wood and paint works, and Post & McCord, iron foundries and pattern makers.

Damage was also done to the buildings of the Brooklyn oil works and Church & Co., soda manufacturers. The cause of the fire is unknown.

Calls for an Investigation.

Washington, April 10.—Representative Levy, of New York, introduced a resolution which, after reciting the statements that 30 officers and men of the army in the Philippines have committed suicide and that more than 400 are now confined in insane asylums, and that serious charges have been made against officials in the transport, commissary and quartermaster services, calls upon the secretary of war for information and authorizes the speaker to appoint an investigating committee, if the house thinks necessary.

General Strike Ordered.

Houston, Tex., April 10.—The Building Trades assembly ordered a general strike of all the building trades in sympathy with the carpenters, and 1,500 men quit work. About 150 business houses and residences of greater or lesser pretensions are left in various stages of construction.

Defaulter Has Fled.

Ithaca, N. Y., April 10.—Charles Ingersoll, the defaulting county treasurer, under bonds of \$10,000 to appear in court, has fled. His bonds were surrendered as soon as his flight became known, and strenuous efforts are being made to capture him.

IMPORTANT DECISION.

Indiana State Law Prohibiting Persons From Boring Oil Wells Is Constitutional.

Washington, April 10.—Justice White, in the supreme court, handed down the opinion of the court in the case of the Ohio Oil Co. vs. the state of Indiana. The case involved the validity of the state law prohibiting persons from boring wells to permit the escape of gas into the atmosphere, as opposed to the general interests of the community. The oil company in its petition alleged that the enforcement of this law was a violation of the federal constitution in that it amounted to taking property without due process of law, declaring that it practically meant that the oil in a certain district could not be removed until the gas was exhausted.

The state courts upheld the law by refusing to accept this view of the case. The supreme court's opinion sustained that view. Justice White said that the oil company had apparently proceeded under a misconception of the law, for under the view presented each property owner could proceed to do as he might please with his property, to the injury of an entire community. For this reason the prohibitory law of the state was held to be valid and not in contravention of the constitution of the United States.

ARE IN NEED OF TROOPS

The Forces Under Gens. Young and Bell Will Be Reinforced Without Delay.

Washington, April 10.—Adj. Gen. Corbin said regarding the dispatch from Manila which stated that reinforcements had been requested by Gens. Young and Bell of Gen. Otis:

"It is a fact that I have learned that such reinforcements have been requested of Otis. No official notice has been given me regarding this matter, but I can state that the forces under Young and Bell are inadequate. Gen. Bell in particular is greatly in need of troops, and I have heard through direct sources that his operations, owing to the lack of troops, have been greatly hampered time and again."

Gen. Corbin went on to say that Otis has directly under his command more men than he really needs, and that beyond all probability the requests of Young and Bell would be immediately granted, and that they would be supplied with troops from the forces now in the vicinity of Manila.

In conclusion the adjutant general said that, with such reinforcements as desired, Gens. Young and Bell would actively engage the insurgents and attempt, if possible, to restore peace in the provinces of Luzon.

DEATH OF A DIVINE.

Rev. William F. Junkin, After a Week's Illness of Pneumonia, Passes Peacefully Away.

New York, April 10.—Rev. William F. Junkin, of Mont Clair, N. J., died, after a week's illness, of pneumonia. He was born in Philadelphia 69 years ago, his father being R. V. Charles Junkin, a noted Presbyterian clergyman. Dr. Junkin had graduated from Princeton Theological seminary in 1854, and his first pastorate was over the Presbyterian church at Falling Spring, Va. He enlisted as a private in the confederate army, and subsequently received a commission, which he resigned to become a chaplain. He was a brother-in-law of Gen. Thomas J. ("Stonewall") Jackson, and was with him when the general fell in the battle of Chancellorsville.

In 1868 Dr. Junkin took charge of the First Presbyterian church in Danville, Ky., and in 1889 he came to Mont Clair. His widow is the oldest daughter of Judge Anderson, of the supreme court of appeals of Virginia. The elder son is Francis E. A. Junkin, of Chicago, general attorney of the Atchafalaya, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad Co. One daughter is Mrs. L. B. Cox, of Portland, Ore., and another Mrs. Williams, of Washington, D. C.

Rebuilding the Convention Hall. Kansas City, Mo., April 10.—Plans for erecting the new convention hall have practically been completed, and the work of removing the debris from the site is proceeding actively. The hall directors have on hand \$235,000 available for the new building, which is to cost in the neighborhood of \$300,000. Delegations continue to sign contracts for quarters at the different hotels. One of the leading hotels closed a contract negotiated by Senator Clark for 15 members of the Montana delegation.

Yokohama, April 10.—It is now learned that no fatalities attended the wrecking of the British bark Irinran, Capt. Watt, from New York, November 25, for this port, which has been lost on the Japanese coast.

Prominent Banker Expires. New York, April 10.—Charles Stone, one of the founders and until six months ago treasurer of the People's bank, died of the grip at his home in this city. He was 70 years of age and reputed to be very wealthy.

Col. J. McC. Bell Dead. Milwaukee, Wis., April 10.—Col. J. McC. Bell, a native of West Chester, Pa., and since the close of the civil war a prominent citizen of Milwaukee, died at his home in this city from a stroke of paralysis.

Cleveland's First Lecture. Princeton, N. J., April 10.—Ex-President Grover Cleveland delivered the first of his two lectures on "The Independence of the Executive" in Alexander hall before a large and enthusiastic audience.

ABBREVIATED TELEGRAMS.

C. H. Brown, cotton broker, of Boston, filed a petition in bankruptcy. Liabilities, \$338,205; nominal assets, \$128,763.

Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria will visit Berlin on May 5. It is thought to have important political meaning.

Former Congressman Charles A. Towne, of Duluth, is a candidate for the democratic nomination for vice president.

Lyman E. Crandall, of New York, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities \$642,130 and nominal assets \$35,000.

The American training ship Alliance arrived at Kingston, Jamaica, seven days from Porto Rico. She has been quarantined.

Union workmen employed on the Marshall Field building in Chicago were turned out and 150 non-union men put in their places.

John Hanlon, well known as a vessel owner and brother of Edward Hanlon, the ex-champion oarsman, died suddenly at Toronto, Ont.

Heavy rains have fallen during the last four days in Germany, and the Elbe and Oder have overflowed in extensive districts in Saxony, Brandenburg and Silesia.

Representative Naphe, of Massachusetts, introduced a resolution calling on the secretary of war for information as to so-called volunteer aids attached to the army in the Philippines.

Congressman Boutelle is still at the sanitarium at Waverley, Mass., and his health is not mending to any manifest degree. The fact daily becomes more apparent to his family that he will never again take his place in public life.

Robert Matthews, the Negro who shot and wounded Deputy Sheriff W. B. Nash near Brownsville, Tenn., while the latter was attempting to serve a warrant on him charging highway robbery, was overtaken by a posse and, on refusing to surrender, was shot to death.

MONDAY'S NEWS IN BRIEF.

Five children were cremated in a burning house on the James river near Norfolk, Va.

The British bark Iranian, from New York, November 25, for Yokohama, was wrecked on the Japanese coast. The captain's boat is missing.

The Jews throughout the country are appealing for contributions to the Wise fund, which is to endow the Hebrew Union college, Cincinnati, founded by the late Rabbi Isaac M. Wise.

The Boers are active in the vicinity of Bloemfontein, and their commandoes seemingly come and go throughout a wide region as they please. Gen. Brabant, with 2,000 or 3,000 colonials, is without communication with the other British forces.

Capt. Louis Oatheim, 1st United States artillery, was found dead in his room at the Auditorium Annex, Chicago, with a bullet hole in his head and a revolver under his body. He was to have been married to Mrs. Eva Bruce Wood, and all preparations for the bridal trip had been made. His death is a mystery.

Revolution in Colombia.

Kingston, Jamaica, April 10.—Colombian advices just received here announce that a rebel attack is momentarily expected at Savanilla. It is added that the pace has been prepared for the expected movement, and artillery has been trained so as to command the harbor. At Cartagena all is excitement in consequence of the rebel successes, and a large body of government troops has arrived at Colon to strengthen the garrison there.

Memorial Bridge Across the Potomac. Washington, April 10.—Secretary of War Root has forwarded to congress the report of a board of engineers and architects in favor of the construction of a bridge across the Potomac from this city to Arlington, "as a memorial to American patriotism," at an estimated cost of \$4,500,000.

MARKET REPORT.

Cincinnati, April 7.

FLOUR—Spring fancy, \$3.10@3.25; spring family, \$2.95@3.05; spring patent, \$3.65@3.80; winter fancy, \$3.15@3.30; winter family, \$2.90@3.05; winter patent, \$3.45@3.75; extra, \$2.05@2.20; low grade, \$1.75@1.85; Northwestern rye, \$2.85@3.10; do city, \$2.80@3.10.

GRAIN—Wheat: No. 2 red quotable nominally at 73¢@73½¢ on track. Corn: Sales: No. 2 mixed track, 43½¢; do, switched 42½¢; yellow ear track, 40¢; No. 3 yellow track, 43¢; No. 2 white track, 43½¢. Oats: Sales: No. 2 white track, 30½¢; No. 2 mixed quotable at 27½¢ on track.

LIVE STOCK—Hogs: Select butchers, \$3.50; fair to good packers, \$3.40@3.50; fair to good light, \$3.15@3.40. Cattle: Fair to good shippers, \$4.50@4.60; good to choice butchers, \$4.60@4.90; fair to medium butchers, \$3.85@4.50; common, \$3.25@3.65. Sheep: Extras, \$6; good to choice, \$5.50@5.90; common to fair, \$4.25@5.25. Lambs: Extras, \$7.25; good to choice \$6.75@7.15. Veal Calves: Fair to good light, \$6@6.75; common and large, \$4@5.75.

Chicago, April 9.—Wheat: No. 2 red, 69½¢@70¢; No. 3 do, 67¢@68½¢; No. 2 hard winter, 67¢; No. 3 do, 61¢@66¢; No. 2 do, 67¢@68¢; No. 3 spring, 62¢@63½¢. Corn: No. 2, 39½¢; No. 3 do, 39½¢@40½¢. Oats: No. 2, 25¢; No. 3, 27½¢@28½¢.

Distillery Slop!

Distillers' "Dried Grains" for feeding stock Best fat-producing food known. Give it a trial. THE H. E. POQUE DISTILLERY CO., MAYSVILLE, KY.

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No. 17 West Second street. All kinds of high-class Painless Dentistry done in the most artistic and scientific manner. Prices right. Gold Crowns and Bridge Work \$5 to \$10. Best Sets of Teeth on rubber \$5 to \$10. Gold Fillings \$1 and up.

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Carpets,

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RAILWAY TIMECARDS.

L & N Louisville & Nashville RAILROAD.

Leaves MAYSVILLE DIVISION. Arrives.
8:45 a.m. to Louisville 9:45 a.m.
11:15 a.m. to Louisville 12:15 p.m.
All trains daily except Sunday.

ARRIVALS AT MAYSVILLE.
No. 16, 10:30 a.m.
No. 2, 1:30 p.m.
No. 18, 2:30 p.m.
No. 20, 7:30 p.m.
No. 4, 10:45 p.m.
No. 19, 3:30 a.m.
No. 1, 6:10 a.m.
No. 17, 5:30 p.m.
No. 3, 3:30 p.m.
No. 15, 4:30 p.m.
*Daily. *Daily except Sunday.

FRANKFORT AND CINCINNATI RAILWAY.

Leaves. Arrives.
Frankfort, Georgetown, Louisville, Nashville.
8:00 a.m. to Louisville 9:00 a.m.
11:00 a.m. to Louisville 12:00 p.m.
1:00 p.m. to Louisville 2:00 p.m.
3:00 p.m. to Louisville 4:00 p.m.
5:00 p.m. to Louisville 6:00 p.m.
7:00 p.m. to Louisville 8:00 p.m.
*Daily. *Daily except Sunday.

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Chicago, St. Louis, Peoria, 9:00 p.m.
Chicago Special, 9:00 p.m.
St. Louis, Peoria, 11:00 p.m.
Indianapolis, 11:00 p.m.
*Daily. *Daily except Sunday.

B. & O. S.W.Ry.

Leaves. Arrives.
Washington, Baltimore, 9:00 a.m.
Philadelphia, New York, 9:15 a.m.
*Daily. *Daily except Sunday.

Leaves. Arrives.
St. Louis, 9:00 p.m.
St. Louis and Louisville, 9:15 p.m.
St. Louis and Jeffersonville, 9:30 p.m.
St. Louis and Louisville, 9:45 p.m.
*Daily. *Daily except Sunday.